





MINISTRY OF MAHAWELI, AGRICULTURE, IRRIGATION AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT

FINANCED BY THE WORLD BANK

CLIMATE SMART IRRIGATED AGRICULTURE PROJECT (CSIAP)

SOCIAL SCREENING REPORT FOR REPAIRS OF BERALIHELA AGRARIAN SERVICE CENTRE MODERNIZATION & DIGITALIZATION (CIVIL WORK) AT THISSAMAHARAMA DS DIVISION IN HAMBANTOTA DISTRICT

12 - Dec - 2019

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Abbreviation

ARAP Abbreviated Resettlement Action Policy ARPA Agriculture Research and Production

ASC Agrarian Service Centre

CBO Community Based Organization

CKD Chronic Kidney Disease

CSIAP Climate Smart Irrigated Agriculture Project
DAD Department of Agrarian Development

DSD Divisional Secretariat Divisions

FGD Focus Group Discussion FO Farmer Organization

GAP Good Agricultural Practices
GBV Gender Based Violence
GND Grama Niladhari Division
GOSL Government of Sri Lanka

GRC Grievance Redressal Committee

HAS Hot Spot Areas

ICT Information and Communication Technology

IEC Information and Education Campaign

KII Key Informant Interview

LKR Lanka Rupee

MOH Medical Officer of Health

PG Producer Group

PMU Project Management Unit

SA Social Audit

SIA Social Impact Assessment SITHAMU Sinhala Tamil and Muslim SMP Social Management Plan

SP Southern Province SSR Social Screening Report

WB World Bank

WFO Women Farmer Organization WHH Woman Headed Household

Social Screening Report: Repairs of Beralihela Agrarian Service Centre Modernization and Digitalization (Civil Work) at Thissamaharama DS Division in Hambantota District.

1. Project Description

No C.C I	D : (D 1:1 1 A	· C · C · M 1 · · · 1				
Name of Sub	Repairs of Beralihela Agrarian Service Centre Modernization and					
project:	Digitalization (Civil Work) at Thissamaharama DS Division in					
	Hambantota District.					
Geographical						
coverage and	Province:	Southern Province				
location of the	District:	Hambantota District,				
Subproject	DS Division:	Thissamaharama DSD				
	ASC:	Beralihela Agrarian Service Centre				
	Located GN Division:	Beralihela				
	Wirawila Tissa Sanctuary Mahasenpura Tissamaharama Debarawewa Tissamaharama					
Nature of the sub	It is mainly a Rehabilitation works of Beralihela Agrarian Service Center					
project:		nal Secretariat Division in Hambantota				
	District.					
Size/ scale/ Cost	LKR. 7,195,933.07					
of the Sub Project						
Project	Department of Agrarian D	evelopment, Hambantota which is the				
implementing	_	with its network of officials based in the				
agency:	ASCs directly involved in in	aplementing the subproject. Similarly, the				
	staffs of the CSIAP based in n	ational to divisional level will also involve				
	in different stages of the im	plementation process appropriately. It is				
	expected that all the service providing agencies such as Department of					
	Agriculture, coconut develo	pment board etc. will also support to				

	implement the subproject effectively. From the community side, FOs, agriculture committee associated with the ASCs, WFOs will also contribute to implement the project. Similarly, the farmers in general will support to implement the project by tolerating the difficulties that would be created during the construction period.
Specific objective and beneficiaries of the sub project:	For the ASC to function in the CSIA Project area as a sophisticated, modernized well-furnished and a resourceful one stop service center catering to present and future needs of farming community in order to increase their livelihood, income and agriculture productivity. Male: 913 and Female: 160 will be benefited from this subproject. Also, women from all committees namely FOs, WFOs, and all women in the
Sub Project Descriptions:	following activities, Excavation and earth work, Concreter, brick layer, pavior, aluminium door and windows, roofing, painting and decorating, electrical installation, Wash room and water supply. The sub project will be implemented during the period from January to March, 2020.
Land Acquisition Subproject Justification	The proposed subproject does not involve land acquisition. Beralihela Agrarian Service Centre is located in rural area with minimum or less access road facilities in Hambantota District. Agrarian Service Centre is very old and not properly repair or maintain. Existing facilities within a building is not sufficient for staff itself.
	Existing ASC (civil work) is majority of the respondent and the persons interviewed responded that the space available within the existing building was not adequate at all to provide a better service for the increased demand of the farmers. Officer space for running various unites of the government sector is not adequate.
	Sanitary facilities in not adequate even for ASC staff. Due to non-availability of sanitary facilities, farming community faces problem at the time they visit ASC. They follow illegal and improper ways to fulfil their sanitary needs. Therefore, it's very important to establish proper sanitary system for both ASC staff as well as farming community.
	Existing old Agrarian Service Centre





The building corner of the photo is to be built in the new section

General Profile of the Community	Name of the GND	Number of GND	Total Numb er of Famili es	Total Number Farm Families	Total Numbe r of WHH Familie
					S
	Weerahela	44	808	292	188
	Dutugemunupura	71	321	195	42
	Jayagama	72	364	140	58
	Beralihela	73	245	138	56
	Parakkramapura	74	128	89	23

	Saddhathissapı	1ra	<i>7</i> 5	299	75	32	
	Saddhathissapı		76		70	16	-
	Town	ara riciv	70	101	41	10	
	Saliyapura		77	222	190	12	-
	Source: "Sampath						
	Source. Sampam	Геникаца	THISSamana	aramaya	Divisional	_	
Primary livelihood	Agriculture	is the prima	ry livelihoc	nd at this			Hat
of the community	Se.No	is the prima	Category	at tills		los.	
of the community	01	Farmers	Category			031	
	02	Other					
			1/E 11	1 \		810	
	03	Govt.Serva	· ·	eacners)		330	
	04	Private sect				.011	
	05	Cooperative				435	
	Source: "Sampath	Pethikada"	Thissamaha				
					Divisional		
Nature of the land	Land of the existing	_	•			_	
ownership for the	underutilized land						
subproject	proposed civil wo					-	
	additional land. Therefore, the subproject activities can be implemented						
	without causing any displacement or impact to people living adjacent to						t to
7 1 1.	the ASC. Issues of resettlement will not arise.						
Land ownership	Deed -476H						
pattern of people							
in the area (Ex:							
squatters,	Abandoned Paddy	, ,					
titleholders,	Total paddy land:	, ,					
tenants)?	Major Irrigation: 1						
	Minor irrigation: 8						
	Maha Season: 5414						
C11	Yala Season: 3552F		-(11	1 ! .		•	(1
Gender Issues	Following is a	_	_		sues conc	erning	tne
	communities in the	_				1 1	.1 •
		ng activities,					
	ASC division.		ver, wome		•		
		, seeding,					
	_	nd they also			_		
	farming activities, allocated payment of wages for female labour is						r is
	less than the male labour.						•
	In the Farmer Organizations (FO) males dominate decision making						_
	process and give less opportunity for female participants ev						
	though, women are included in executive committees of farm						ırm
	organization as vice president, vice secretary etc.						

	each GN Divisions. However, for agriculture related trainin technology and mobilization responsibilities for women in the faced difficulties for access the make proper storage facilities. • Cultural and religious barricipation in rural agricultural Hindu, Muslim widows are not Farmer Organizations). • Women headed family's additional due to not having land owner accessing water facilities and faffected by poverty, malnutritional women farmers are faced with for a long time for long distances and walk through small pathwarn and any other dangers on route. • Despite being paddy landown included in the key positions of which are male dominated. Thut part in decision making are less. • In many households the males defence force, army or work out.	more difficulties having to travel is from their houses to paddy fields by in the forest areas. They also do to protect them from wild animals are and farmers, women are not of the Farmer Organizations (FO) is, opportunities for women to take are either employed in the civil side the village. Women must take old tasks; majority women tend to			
Social Capital -	There are several community-based	organizations. Among them are:			
community-based organizations -	Farmer Organization (FO):	F:O-54 Members- 6024			
o Garinzation to	Women Farmer Organization (WFO):	W: F:O-53 Members-1325			
	Rural Development Society (RDS):	R:D:S: -36 Members-4652			
On-going Development Projects	There are no development projects being implemented in the project area.				
Frequenting Visitors	side peoples come for agriculture s. Farmers (Men and Women), GO e and Political leaders, University				
Social Impacts Positive Impacts	This subproject will benefit the local postarming communities.	opulation of the area, especially for			

	The proposed activities will benefit farmers accessing services from the ACS. ACS will have improved Sanitation facilities leading to better hygienic conditions for those using the facilities. ASC will also make available drinking water for all people visiting the ACS.
	ASC will also serve as a place for ACS staff and community to interact, to share knowledge and create awareness about project. Therefore, the ACS will enhance community participation and relationships between ASC staff and farmers.
Negative Impacts	During office hours noise and dust from the construction work will disturb ACS officers and visiting farmers. Land for materials storage and machinery parking near the site is available which may cause some disturbances to the nearby community. A labor camp may be established and there could be impacts from labor influx - however, will be very minimum considering that only limited number of labourers (appox 10) may come from outside.
	There are no any sensitive areas (schools, preschools, hospitals, community centers, health centers) observed near (within 500m) to the construction site.
Mitigation Measures	The social issues in any infrastructure developments project are common and cannot be avoided. Also, it is important to note that the majority of social issues are emerged and aggravated due to absence necessary precautionary measures taken by the contractor.
	For example, contractor will be required to do water sprinkling to minimize impacts from dust and carry out noise generating work during day time while ensuring noise pollution is kept to the minimum. Public access to the site to be prohibited or controlled via adequate fencing and signage in order to avoid risk to the public.
	The contractor will also be required to employ an environmental and social officer to address any issues that may crop up during project implementation. All contractors will be required to develop and implement a code of conduct for labourers, including procedures to establish and maintain a safe working environment. The staff and workers will be given an orientation on appropriate behaviours to ensure no disturbance to the community life and officers of the ASC. Adequate care and measures will be taken to avoid any violation of use of labour, accidents, or disputes with local communities and other risks associated with influx of non-local workers.
	The second secon

Griev	ance 1	redress mech	nanisn	n will be	established	to allow	ASC staff to
raise	any	complaints	and	provide	feedback	regards	construction
activit	ties.						

2. Codel Companies Class 1 12-1				
2. Social Screening Checklist				D : (/D : 1
Screening/ assessment questions Project type	Yes	No	Low/ mediu m/maj or impact	Description/ Details
Background				
1. Will the subproject/ intervention include new physical construction work? (Attach a copy of technical design)		V		
2. Does the subproject/ intervention include upgrading or rehabilitation of existing physical facilities? (Attach a copy of technical design)	V			Excavation and earth work, concreter, brick layer, pavior, aluminum door and window, roofing, painting and decorating, electrical installation, wash room and water supply. These are small sale rehabilitation.
Project site and land acquisition and Livelihoo	d Rola	ted Impa	rte	Tertabilitation.
3. Is the site chosen for this work free from encumbrances (Ex: squatters, crops, trees, houses, other structures walls etc)		ieu impa		
4. Is the site chosen for this work possession of the implementing agency?	V			Department of Agrarian Department is the implementing agency
5. If the land is owned by other government agencies, has action been taken to transfer these lands to CSIAP managing entity? (Attach evidence of transfer)		√ 		The identified land belongs to the Department of Agrarian Department which is the implementing agency.
6. Does the sub project intervention require acquisition of private land?		√		

	1	1	
7. If the land parcel has to be acquired, is the			Not Applicable
actual plot size and ownership status known?			
(Mention the details)			
8. If the site is privately owned, can this land be			Not Applicable
purchased through negotiated settlement?			
9. If any land required for the work is privately			Not Applicable
owned, are these land owners willing to			
voluntarily donate the required land for the			
CSIAP rehabilitation / development? (if yes			
attach the concern letter)			
10. Will the affected land/ structure owners			Not Applicable
likely to lose less than 10% of their land of			
structures area?			
11. If so, are these land or structure owners			Not Applicable
willing to voluntarily donate the required land			
for this sub project?			
12. If the land owners are willing to donate the			Not Applicable
land, do they lose more than 10% of their land			
/ structure in this location due to of donation?			
13. Are there any previous land acquisition		$\sqrt{}$	
where the identified land has already been			
acquired?			
14. Is the land for material mobilization	V		Land for the material
vehicular movement, transport for the civil			mobilization
work available within the identified worksite or			vehicular movement
right way?			and transport for the
			civil work are
			available. Near the
			construction site,
			there are no sensitive
			areas observed.
			Therefore, lack of
			parking space will
			not be serious issue
			in the subproject
			area.
Project impacts	l		
15. Is the project/ intervention likely to cause		√	
any permanent damage to or loss of housing,			
other assets, resources use?			
16.If yes, are these damages likely to be full or			Not Applicable
partial (Ex: entire structure having to be			
T. (I.		<u>l</u>

demolished versus part of the structures being damaged?) 17. Will there be loss of / damage to agricultural lands, standing crops, trees due to acquisition of lands, construction of facilities etc? 18. Will there be any permanent or temporary loss of income and livelihoods because of the civil works? If so for what period? Also, please specify whether it is likely to be temporary or permanent. 19. Have these people/ businesses who may Not Applicable
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permanent. 19. Have these people/ businesses who may Not Applicable
19. Have these people/ businesses who may Not Applicable
suffer temporary or permanent loss of incomes
or livelihoods been surveyed and identified for
payment of any financial assistance?
20. Will there be any adverse impacts ✓ But during working
(inconvenience/ restriction of access, damage hours there will be
to properties) on the people/ communities due some disturbances to
to construction related transport/ other staff i.e. from noise
activities etc?
21. Will there be any impacts on cultural, √
community properties or facilities?
22. Will the project cause any other temporary √
or permanent impacts? Pls describe
Livelihoods related impacts
23. is there any loss of crops, assets, business √
etc.
who are living/ or doing business who may be
partially or fully affected because of the civil
works?
25. Have measures been planned to mitigate √ Temporary impacts
temporary impacts including ease of access? will be
Give details? addressed/mitigated
according to the
SIMP.
Resettlement impacts
26. Does this project involve resettlement of √
any person? if yes, give details
27. Is there any physical displacement of $\sqrt{}$
persons due to project construction?
28. Does this project cause any temporary √
relocation of people during construction?

		, ,	
29. Is there any economic displacement (possibility to move out, close of business/commercial/ livelihood activities of persons) during construction?		√ 	
30. Will people permanently or temporarily lose access to facilities, services, or natural resources? e.g firewood collection and other rural livelihood sources linked to forests and government land		√	
31. Are there any vulnerable people/ groups (poorest/ women headed households/ elderly families, single parents, families with disable persons) living in the proposed locations or affected / benefitted by the project intervention? (give the number)	V		Vulnerable people/groups will not be negatively affected due to the civil works. They will be benefited directly or indirectly. The details are below: Disable - 236 Samurdhi - 1581 people will be benefited directly or indirectly.
32. Are there any indigenous people living in the proposed locations or affected/ benefitted by the project intervention? (give the number)		√	
Impacts from labor influx		<u>l</u>	
33. Will the project potentially involve an influx of workers to the project location?	√		
0.4 TATULAL - CL - L - L - L - L - L - L - L - L -	1		
35. How many workers will be needed for the sub project, with what skill set, and for what period?			Approximately 10 skill workers and 20 unskilled workers are needed for 3 months.
36. Can the project hire workers from the local workforce? And what is the size and skill level of the existing local workforce?	√		Meson Carpenter Labors are available in the ASC division.
37. If the skill level of the local workforce does not match the needs of the project, can they be	√		Workforce is available at the local community and

trained within a reasonable timeframe to meet project requirements? 38. Will there be workers brought in from	√		contractor will bring his workforce if needed.
outside?			
39.How will the workers be accommodated? Will they commute or reside on site? If so, what size of camp will be required?		√ 	They will find a house for rent.
40. Based on the socio-economic, cultural, religious and demographic qualities of the local community and the incoming workers, is there a possibility that their presence or interaction with the local community could create adverse impacts?		√	Hence, majority of the incoming workers would be from similar socio- economic, cultural, religious or demographic background.
41. Will the incoming workers use or create competition for these resources?		V	
42.What is the expected duration of the incoming workers' presence in the community? or frequency and extent of contact between the local community and outsiders?			Approximately 3-4 months
43. Will the incoming workers be from a similar socio economic, cultural, religious or demographic background?	√		Most Probably similar
44. Given the characteristics of the local community, are there any adverse impacts that may be anticipated? Mention the size of the local population.	-	V	The local community is Sinhala speaking and majority of them are Buddhist. So same language speaker will be preferable for minimized unwanted social issues.
45.Is the project located in a rural or remote area?	V		

46.Is the project located / being carried out in an area that is not usually frequented by	√		
outsiders?			
47.Are there sensitive social conditions that need to be considered?		$\sqrt{}$	
Community participation			
48. Has the project received community consent	√		3 IEC Meeting
and support?	,		conduct.
49. Are there any CBOs or other that exist in the			Farmer org: 54 -
selected locations?			Member: -6024
			Women headed org:
			53
	1		Member- 1325
50. Will the project mobilize these CBOs for			Grievance Redressal
GRM/ Social Audit/ etc activities?			Committee will be
			established to
			address/resolve issues.
51. If CBOs are involved, do these organizations		√	issues.
have prior experiences in GRM/ Social Audit/		,	
etc practices?			
52. Do the CBOs identified for the CSIAP	√		
activities transparent and accountable and free			
from any form of corruption/ abuse?			
53. Will the project expect any counterpart			Community can
contribution from the beneficiary households?			support with
(if yes, what is the expected contribution)			Shramadana
			activities (e.g.
			unskilled voluntary
			work). 2 days sharmadhana
			activities
Gender Based Violence	<u> </u>	[uctivities
54. Is the subproject in an area of the district		√	
with a humanitarian or emergency situation?		•	
and the second s			
55. Undertaken consultations with women's			Both men and
groups?			women were part of
	√		the community
	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		consultations. No
			separate
			consultations were

56. Issues related to GBV and GBV-related		√	held with women farmers. However, Interviews were conducted with the women development officer in the divisional secretariat. During the
concerns about the project have arisen in the community engagement discussions?			community consultation meeting, there were no cases of GBV recorded.
57. Are military or paid security forces being contracted as part of the project? (Having military or paid security forces contracted as part of a project can increase the risk of GBV.)		V	
58.Is the project district in lowest poverty quartile of country? (Regions in the lowest poverty quartile of a country may be underserved and the most vulnerable to neglect)	V		
59. Is the subproject in hard-to-supervise areas? (Lower risk is easily accessed project areas. Higher risk is hard-to-supervise areas)		V	
60.Is the subproject construction near school route or other pedestrian access that women and girls use for their daily activities?		V	There are no sensitive area identified near (500m) to the subproject site.
61. Will the subproject be able to monitor implementation across the full span (both in terms of geographic spread and duration) of the work	\checkmark		
62. Will female workers be in close proximity to male workers with limited supervision?	V		If female workers are hired, they would be working in close proximity however the type of work may differ as women may mostly engage in unskilled work.

3. Estimate of Specific Impacts and Information on Affected Persons

Estimates of specific impacts	Number/ Amount/ Ha
- Private land required (Sq. m)	0
- Total number of households affected	0
- Number of individuals losing more than 10% of land area	0
- Government land required	Yes (and available)
- Number of shops affected	0
- Number of utilities affected	0
- Number of workers to be brought from outsides	10 skilled laborers are needed. (Approximate number)

4. Decision on Categorization

Decision on Categorization, after reviewing the answers above, it is determined that the sub project will have:									
High/ substantial impacts									
Moderate impacts									
Low/ no impacts	V								

5. Impact Categorization

Conclusion and Screening Decision (to be filled by the PMU)

Social impacts of the proposed sub project

- No Impacts: there is no land acquisition because these are permit lands and no loss of livelihoods if the works are completed during the dry/off season, Social Screening Report (SSR), Social Impact Management Plan (SIMP) [required if civil works involved]...√.....
- Minor Impacts: Less than 200 individuals affected; no physical displacement; & affected persons lose less than 10% of their productive assets, SSR, Abbreviated Resettlement Action Policy (ARAP), SIMP......Temporary impacts only. SSR with SMP submitted......
- Significant Impacts: More than 200 individuals affected; cause physical displacement; affected persons lose more than 10% of productive assets, SSR, SIA, census survey, RAP with R&R assistance & income restoration measures.......

	6. Submission of the Social Screening Re	port
		•
	Submission By:	Reviewed and Recommended By
	Chamlie Jayalath	Ms. Sharmila Shanmuganathan Social Safeguard and Gender Developmen
	Social Safeguard Officer DPD Office - Southern Province/ CSIAP	Officer Project Management Unit
	chamlie1961@gmail.com	Project Management Unit Email: Sociologistsharmila Sociologistshar
re te		Date: 12 chou Saleguad & Managen Agriculture
		Climate Smar. Ministry or
	Approved By	
he		
	Eng. N. Sivalingam Project Director Climate Smart Irrigated Agriculture Project	
	Climate Smart Irrigated Agriculture Project Eng. N Sivalingam Ministry of Agriculture.	
	Project Director	
	CSIAP	
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7. Social Management Plan for ASC Modernization and Digitalization (Civil Work)

Social Impact Mitigation Plan for the ASC modernization and Digitalization (Civil Work) Subproject										
Issues/ Impacts	Mitigation Measures	Institutional R	Responsibility	Mitigation						
and risks		Implementatio	Supervision/	Cost						
		n	Monitoring							
General (for all types of risks, issues and disturbances)	 A GRM will be established to receive and resolve complaints/grievances related to disturbances caused by construction including GBV related issues. Awareness will be created on the GRM among community and ACS staff and will publicly display the contact details to report grievances. Awareness will be created among community on risks/issues including GBV issues due to labour influx arising from construction activities and safety/mitigation measures that will be in place. 	Social/Enviro nment safeguard officer – ACS/CSIAP	PMU	Included in sub project's safeguards budget.						
Disturbances due to heavy machinery movement & temporary use of land for material storage and parking.	 An officer will be appointed to implement & monitor social/environment safeguards mitigations measures during construction. Community and ACS staff will be informed of construction activities/schedule, and mitigation measures that will be in place. Consultation with ACS staff and community will be conducted to identify land for material storage, 	Contractor	Social/Envir onment safeguard officer – ACS/CSIAP	Included in construction cost.						

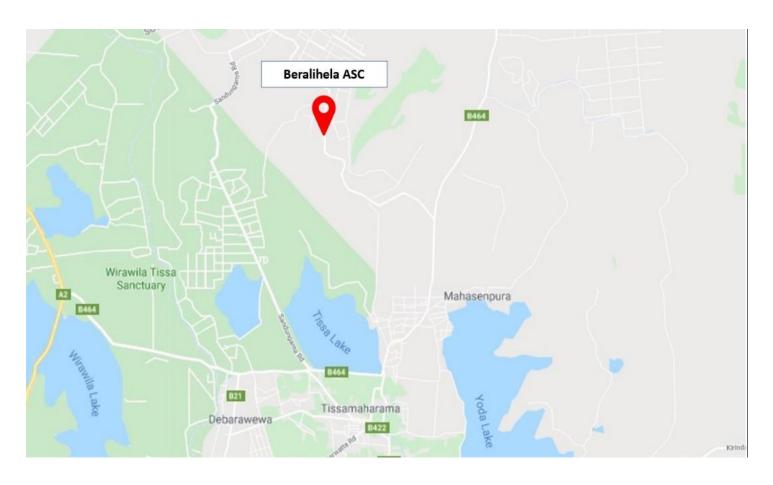
	camp setup, equipment parking and routes to transport material that cause minimum disturbances to community & ACS activities. If there are damages caused to local roads and other utilities during construction, contractor shall attend to the repairs/rectification of the damages.			
Construction related disturbances from noise & dust etc.	 Dust barriers will be installed surrounding the construction. Water sprinkling will be done to minimize impacts from dust. Dust masks to be provided to all laborers for the use at required times. The construction will be carried out in a manner to minimize noise pollution. The construction works with heavy sound should will be timed to avoid office working time period. 	Contractor	Social/Envir onment safeguard officer – ACS/CSIAP	Included in construction cost.
Labour Influx related issues (e.g. GBV)	 Local labour will be hired where possible – Contractor will give priority to women when hiring. Worker Code of Conduct will be included as part of the employment contract - this should define workers' commitment in attitudes and behaviour to preventing, combating and responding GBV. 	Contractor	Social/Envir onment safeguard officer – ACS/CSIAP	Included in construction cost.

	Contractors will implement robust measures to prevent sexual harassment/GBV including training of workforce and sanctions for non-compliance (e.g. termination).			
Public/ occupational safety Hazards, and on impacts on environment.	 Public access to the site will be prohibited or controlled via adequate fencing and signage in order to avoid risk to the public. Contractors shall take precautions to minimize mosquito breeding, where the pit fills with water. Environment Management Plan will provide more details regards measures to prevent/mitigate impacts to the environment including pollution, deforestation, soil erosion and management of solid waste. 	Contractor	Social/Envir onment safeguard officer – ACS/CSIAP	Included in construction cost.

8. Activity Plan for ASC Modernization and Digitalization (Civil Work)

S N	Activities	1	Oct, Nov& Dec		*		-									, ,					
1	Conducting IEC Campaign																				
2	Preparation of the subproject proposal ASC modernization and Digitalization (Civil Work) Preparation of technical																				
	designs and estimate																				
3	Data Collection for Screening																				
4	Writing the Screening Check list																				
5	Write the SSR																				
6	Submit to PMU																				
7	Get the clearance from the WB																				
8	Tender calling procedure																				
9	Civil work commence (Construction of Tube well and farm machinery unit, repair of ASC and Washroom)																				
10	Supervision and Monitoring																				
11	Training and skills development, formation of groups under CSIAP																				
12	Completion of construction works																				
13	Handover civil work																				

Annex: 01 Location map



Annex: 02 Attendance Sheets of the participants during the meetings and discussions

කෘෂිකර්ම, ගුාමීය ආර්ථික කටයු	ුතු, පශු	සමීපත් :	සංවර්ධන, වාරිමාර්ග සහ	ධීවර හා ජලජ සම්පත් සංද	වර්ධන අමාතාාංශය						
ඉඳ්ශගුණ සුහුරු වාරි කෘෂිකාර්මික වශාපෘතිය (CSIAP)											
දිනය: 13/11/2019 පැමිණිමේ ලේඛණය වෙලාව: ස්ථානය: නො.ටේ. මධා ක්ථානය පුළු පැව											
න®	ස්තු	පුරුෂ	ගොවීජන සේවා මධාසේථානය	කනතුර	දුරකථන අංකය	අක්සන					
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H. A. C. S. Perm.		-	CSZAP	022_	8282102070	chi					
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	まかは: 13/11/2019 Pra women's no: wow and	### ### ### #########################		දේශගුණ සුහුරු වාරි කෘෂිකාරමික වාාපෘ පැමිණීමේ ලේඛණය වැඩ සටහනේ නම: පරිසර ක්ෂේකු පරීක්ෂාව නම ස්ති පුරුෂ ගොවීජන සේවා මධාස්ථානය V A· k පුණු නුළාර හි. ශි. කි. කුළාර හි. නි. කිලාර	දේශගුණ සුහුරු වාරි කෘෂිකාර්මික වාාපෘතිය (CSIAP) පැමිණිමේ ලේඛණය වැඩ සටහනේ නම: පරිසර ක්ෂේතු පරික්ෂාව නම ස්ති පුරුෂ ගොවිජන සේවා මධ්යස්ථානය කනකුර හ ලි. ලි. හි. කුමාර \	පැමිණීමේ ලේඛණය වැඩ සටහනේ නම: පරිසර ක්ෂේතු පරීක්ෂාව නම ස්ති පූරුෂ ගොවීජන සේවා මධාස්ථානය නනතුර දුරකථන අංකය V. A. K. අනතා හැදියිකි / සිබර්ලියෙල සොදු කලක් 0712645 260 හි. යි. කි. කුමාර පරිසර ක්ෂේත පරීක්ෂාව වි. යි. කි. කුමාර පරිසර පරිසර පරිසර සේවා කුතුර දුරකථන අංකය වඩාස්ථානය කනතුර දුරකථන අංකය වඩාස්ථානය කනතුර දුරකථන අංකය වඩාස්ථානය කනතුර දුරකථන අංකය වඩාස්ථානය කනතුර හැට 660 655 දු හැට විය කුමාර පරිසර පරිසර සහවා කලකාර ලෙසාරි ලෙස අය යුට 44 දුරක හි. කි. කි. කිළු රිශානී V ලබරව හැට කාන්ඩාන කලකාරි ගැට 31 45563 හි. කි. කි. කිල කට 1 ව සහවා සහවා කලකාරි ගැට 32 41 වීට හි. කි. කි. කිල කට 1 ව සහවා සහවා කලකාරි ගැට 32 41 වීට හැට සහවා සහවා සහවා කලකාර හැට 32 41 වීට					

Annex: 03 Public/ Community Consultation and Disclosure

Public /	Consultation	Date	Number of	Details/Issues raised
Community	method		participants	
consultation			(Male,	
conducted			Female)	
Location/ Venue				
Beralihela ASC	IEC and field	13/11/2019	Male - 03	Awareness
	visit		Female - 03	program on
				Agrarian
				Service Centre
				renovation

Annex: 03 Pictures during the meetings, discussions and field visits

Old Agrarian Service Centre



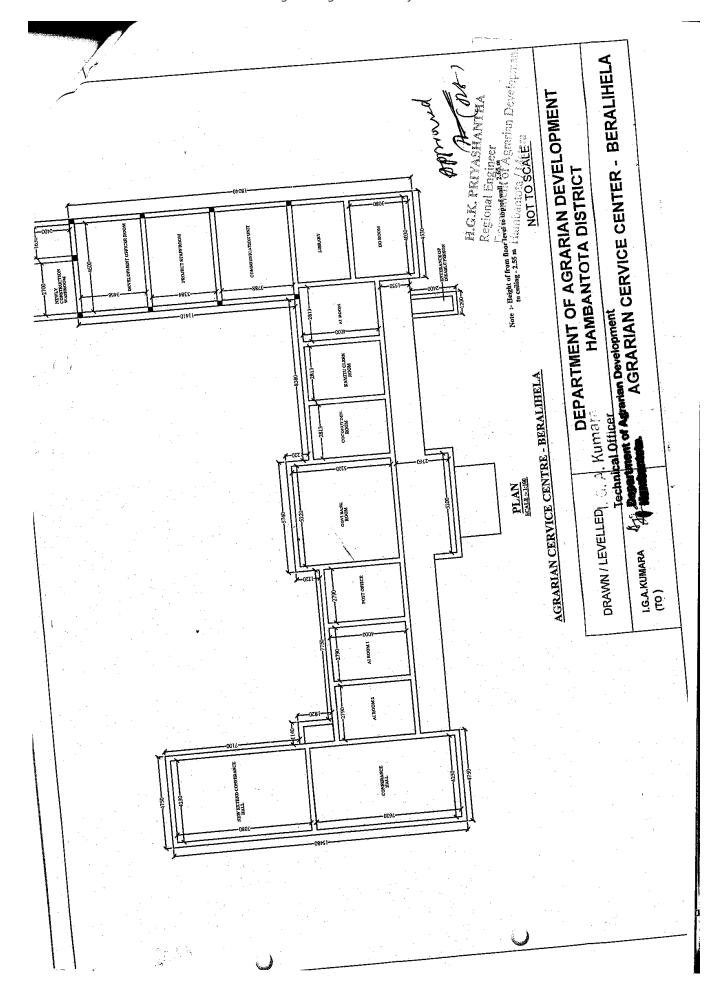


The building corner of the photo is to be built in the new section





Annex 03: Drawings of the su	ıbproject	



Further Annexes 04

Demographics of the population (Ex: ethnicity? religion)

G.N.Division	Buddhist		Muslim		Hindu		Christians	
	Fam ilies	Pop ulat ion	Fami lies	Popu latio n	Famil ies	Popul ation	Fam ilies	Pop ulat ion
Nedigamwila	392	1252	0	0	1	4	0	0
Koonwelena	425	1960	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wijayapura	441	1644	0	0	0	0	0	0
Uduwila	380	1434	0	0	0	0	0	0
Saliyapura	364	1277	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gonagamuwa	328	1141	0	0	0	0	0	0
Thissapura	715	2708	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pannegamuwa	623	2222	0	0	1	3	0	0
Dabewelena	307	1103	0	0	0	0	0	0
Anjaligala	319	1266	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ellagala	423	2446	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mahindapura	777	1519	0	0	0	0	0	0
Molakepupathana	325	1280	0	0	0	0	0	0
Randunuwatta	329	1154	0	0	0	0	0	0
Polgahawelena	345	1196	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pahala mattala	235	551	0	0	0	0	0	0
Uda mattala	307	959	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weerawil ara	95	332	0	0	0	0	0	0
Punchiappujadura	374	1032	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dewramvehera	461	1538	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bogahawewa	264	863	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lunugamvehera	889	2592	0	0	0	0	0	0
Seenimunna	346	1385	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kendagasmankada	576	2163	0	0	1	3	0	0
Mahaanagapura	356	1372	0	0	0	0	0	0
Muwanwewa	208	758	0	0	0	0	0	0
Iththanwekada	214	933	0	0	0	0	0	0
Abhayapura	216	681	0	0	1	1	0	0
Mihindupura	361	1089	2	7	0	0	0	0
Singhapura	273	903	0	0	0	0	0	0
Senapura	252	940	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weerawila New Town	437	1475	1	5	1	2	0	0
Ranasiripura	205	580	181	681	8	24	0	0

Climate Smart Irrigated Agriculture Project – Southern Province

Samanpura	168	578	0	0	0	0	0	0
Karabhawewa	330	1084	0	0	0	0	0	0
Agbopura	396	2344	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1345	4775						
	6	4						
Total			184	693	13	37	0	0

Source: "Sampath Pethikada" Thissamaharamaya and Lunugamwehera Divisional Secretariat